**Enlightenment Thinkers Student Notes**

1. Define the Enlightenment:
2. Thomas Hobbes:
   1. Wanted strong \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   2. What is a social contract?
3. John Locke
   1. Believed men are capable of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ themselves.
   2. Governments job is to protect the rights of the people, and if the government fails to do that then the people can do what?
4. Charles Montesquieu
   1. Why is a separation of powers important?
   2. How does a separation of powers work?
      1. Each \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ has a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the other branches.
5. Jean-Jacques Rousseau
   1. What type of government did he think was best?
   2. Thought that legitimate government only exists by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
6. Voltaire
   1. Critic of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ & \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
   2. Argued for:
7. Mary Wollstonecraft
   1. What did she argue?
   2. Why did she think women appeared inferior to men?
8. Adam Smith
   1. Believed in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   2. What should the government focus on doing?
9. Thomas Jefferson
   1. What did he write?
   2. What did he argue for?